18.014 QUIZ III

You may use a crib sheet (one side of an 8 1/2 by 11 sheet of papers, but no calculator. Justify all steps — if in doubt, please ask. Time: 50 minutes.

0. (1 point) Write your name and your recitation instructor's name on the first page of your solutions.

1. (27 points) Evaluate:

(a)
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^3 + x^2}.$$

(b)
$$\int_e^{e^2} \frac{dx}{x \ln^2 x}.$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{x^3 dx}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}.$$

2. (15 points) Define $\lim_{x\to+\infty} f(x) = 3$ and $\lim_{t\to 0^+} f(1/t) = 3$. Explain why one equality is true if the other is.

3. (18 points) Suppose you use the first two nonzero terms of the Taylor polynomial for $\cos x$ to compute the integral

$$\int_0^{1/2} \cos(x^2) dx.$$

- (a) What answer do you get? (Leave as a sum of fractions.)
- (b) Is your answer greater or less than the actual value?
- (c) Obtain an upper bound on the error. (Leave in terms of fractions.)
- 4. (12 points) There is a positive integer m such that

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(2x^3) - 2x^3}{x^m}$$

is finite and nonzero. What is m, and what is the limit L?

5. (27 points) Evaluate:

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin^2(ax)}{1 - \cos(bx)}$$
.
(b) $\lim_{x \to 1} \left(\frac{1}{\ln x} - \frac{1}{x-1}\right)$.
(c) $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \frac{e^{-1/x}}{x}$.

GOOD LUCK!

Date: Fall 2000.