18.024 QUIZ III

(This quiz has two pages.) Write your name on the first page of your solutions. Time: 50 minutes. Justify all steps. If you have any questions, please ask. GOOD LUCK!

1. (16 points) Suppose $\vec{\alpha} : [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $\vec{\alpha}(t) = (t, t^2, t^3)$, and $\vec{F}(x, y, z) =$ (0, y, x). Calculate $\int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{\alpha}$.

2. (16 points) In (a) and (b), find if possible a potential function $\phi(x, y, z)$ defined on all of \mathbb{R}^3 for each of the following vector fields. If it is not possible, explain why not.

- (a) $\vec{f}(x, y, z) = (2xy y)\vec{i} + (y^2 + 2)\vec{j} + (3z)\vec{k}$ (b) $\vec{g}(x, y, z) = (y^2 + 2)\vec{i} + (2xy y)\vec{j} + (3z)\vec{k}$ (c) Suppose $\vec{\alpha} : [0, 1] \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $\vec{\alpha}(t) = ((e^t 1)(t^2 1), \sin \pi t, 0)$. Calculate
- $\int \vec{g} \cdot d\vec{\alpha}.$

3. (16 points) If $\int \int_R f = \int_1^4 \int_{\sqrt{x}}^2 f(x,y) \, dy \, dx$, express $\int \int_R f$ as an iterated integral where the first (i.e. "inside") integration is with respect to x. Your answer should be of the form

$$\int_{?}^{?} \int_{?}^{?} dx \, dy.$$

4. (16 points) Express as an iterated integral the volume of the solid bounded by the surface $z = 2 - x^2 - y^2$ and the plane z = 0. (You don't need to evaluate the integral.)

5. (16 points) A piece of wire is bent into the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ (of radius 2). The density of the wire is 10 + x + y (in units of mass per unit length). Find the mass of the wire, and the location $(\overline{x}, \overline{y})$ of its center of mass.

6. (20 points)

(a) Define what the statement "S has content zero" means.

Let $Q = [0,1] \times [0,1]$. Define f(x,y) for (x,y) in Q by the equations

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } y = x, \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1/2 \text{ and } y \text{ is irrational,} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

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- (b) At what points does f fail to be continuous? (c) Does $\int \int_Q f$ exist? Why or why not?
- (d) Does $\int_0^1 \tilde{f}(x, y) dy$ exist for all x in [0, 1]?

Bonus. (5 marks) Find the "hypervolume" of the *n*-dimensional version of a triangle (the *n*-simplex) in \mathbb{R}^n bounded by $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0, \ldots, x_n = 0, x_1 + x_2 + \ldots$ $\cdots + x_n = r.$